

### Form C: Type Test Verification Report

Type Approval and **Manufacturer** declaration of compliance with the requirements of G98.

This form should be used when making a Type Test submission to the Energy Networks Association (ENA).

If the **Micro-generator** is **Fully Type Tested** and already registered with the ENA **Type Test Verification Report** Register, the **Installation Document** should include the **Manufacturer's** Reference Number (the Product ID), and this form does not need to be submitted.

Where the **Micro-generator** is not registered with the ENA **Type Test Verification Report** Register this form needs to be completed and provided to the **DNO**, to confirm that the **Micro-generator** has been tested to satisfy the requirements of this EREC G98.

<b>Manufacturer's</b> reference number		X1-0.7-S-D, X1-0.7-S-N X1-1.1-S-D, X1-1.1-S-N X1-1.5-S-D, X1-1.5-S-N X1-2.0-S-D, X1-2.0-S-N	
<b>Micro-generator</b> technology		Photovoltaic Grid-tied inverter	
<b>Manufacturer</b> name		SolaX Power Network Technology (Zhe jiang) Co. , Ltd.	
Address		No.288 Shizhu Road,Tonglu Economic Development Zone, Dongxing District,Tonglu City, Zhejiang Province, China.	
Tel	+86(0571)-56260011	Fax	+86(0571)-56075753
E-mail	info@solaxpower.com	Web site	www.solaxpower.com
<b>Registered Capacity</b> , use separate sheet if more than one connection option.	Connection Option		
	0.7	kW single phase system	
	1.1	kW single phase system	
	1.5	kW single phase system	
	2.0	kW single phase system	
	NA	kW two phases split phase system	
<b>Manufacturer Type Test</b> declaration. - I certify that all products supplied by the company with the above <b>Type Tested</b> reference number will be manufactured and tested to ensure that they perform as stated in this document, prior to shipment to site and that no site modifications are required to ensure that the product meets all the requirements of EREC G98.			
Signed		On behalf of	SolaX Power Network Technology (Zhe jiang) Co. , Ltd.

Note that testing can be done by the **Manufacturer** of an individual component or by an external test house.

Where parts of the testing are carried out by persons or organisations other than the **Manufacturer** then that person or organisation shall keep copies of all test records and results supplied to them to verify that the testing has been carried out by people with sufficient technical competency to carry out the tests.

**Operating Range:** This test should be carried out as specified in EN 50438 D.3.1.

**Active Power** shall be recorded every second. The tests will verify that the **Micro-generator** can operate within the required ranges for the specified period of time.

The **Interface Protection** shall be disabled during the tests.

In case of a PV **Micro-generator** the PV primary source may be replaced by a **DC** source.

In case of a full converter **Micro-generator** (eg wind) the primary source and the prime mover **Inverter/rectifier** may be replaced by a **DC** source.

In case of a DFIG **Micro-generator** the mechanical drive system may be replaced by a test bench motor.

Test 1

Voltage = 85% of nominal (195.5 V)

Frequency = 47.5 Hz

Power factor = 1

Period of test 90 minutes

Test 2

Voltage = 110% of nominal (253 V).

Frequency = 51.5 Hz

Power factor = 1

Period of test 90 minutes

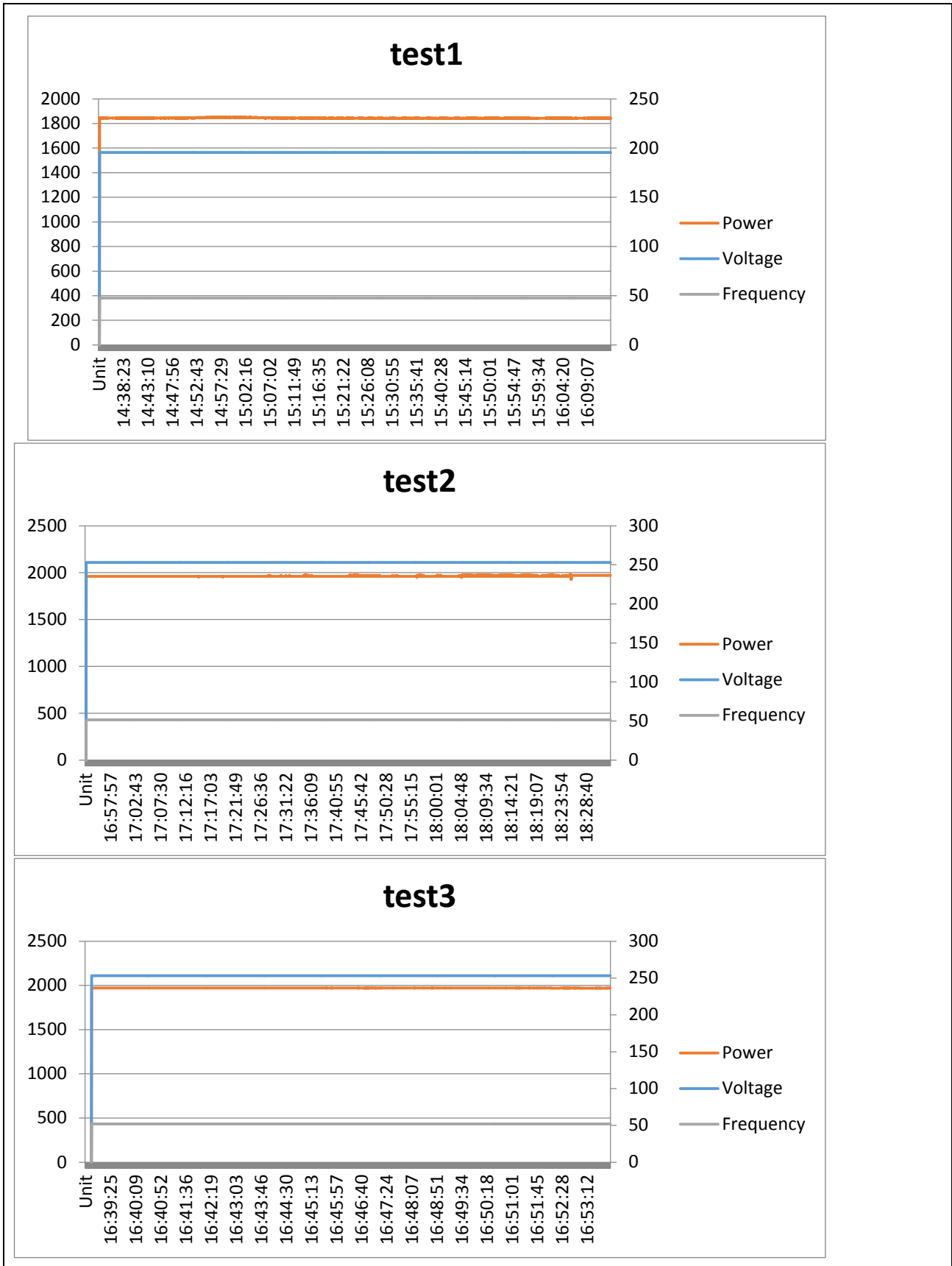
Test 3

Voltage = 110% of nominal (253 V).

Frequency = 52.0 Hz

Power factor = 1

Period of test 15 minutes



**Power Quality – Harmonics:** These tests should be carried out as specified in BS EN 61000-3-2. The chosen test should be undertaken with a fixed source of energy at two power levels a) between 45 and 55% and b) at 100% of **Registered Capacity**. The test requirements are specified in Annex A1 A.1.3.1 (**Inverter** connected) or Annex A2 A.2.3.1 (Synchronous).

Micro-generator tested to BS EN 61000-3-2						
Micro-generator rating per phase (rpp)			0.7	kW		
Harmonic	At 45-55% of <b>Registered Capacity</b>		100% of <b>Registered Capacity</b>			
	Measured Value MV in Amps		Measured Value MV in Amps		Limit in BS EN 61000-3-2 in Amps	Higher limit for odd harmonics 21 and above
2	0.013		0.012		1.080	
3	0.026		0.026		2.300	
4	0.005		0.006		0.430	
5	0.010		0.010		1.140	
6	0.006		0.006		0.300	
7	0.014		0.020		0.770	
8	0.006		0.007		0.230	
9	0.020		0.034		0.400	
10	0.004		0.006		0.184	
11	0.012		0.027		0.330	
12	0.003		0.003		0.153	
13	0.005		0.017		0.210	
14	0.003		0.003		0.131	
15	0.004		0.010		0.150	
16	0.002		0.003		0.115	
17	0.004		0.007		0.132	
18	0.002		0.004		0.102	
19	0.004		0.006		0.118	

20	0.001		0.003		0.092	
21	0.004		0.004		0.107	0.160
22	0.003		0.002		0.084	
23	0.003		0.002		0.098	0.147
24	0.002		0.002		0.077	
25	0.003		0.002		0.090	0.135
26	0.002		0.002		0.071	
27	0.003		0.002		0.083	0.124
28	0.002		0.002		0.066	
29	0.003		0.002		0.078	0.117
30	0.002		0.002		0.061	
31	0.003		0.003		0.073	0.109
32	0.002		0.002		0.058	
33	0.003		0.003		0.068	0.102
34	0.001		0.002		0.054	
35	0.003		0.003		0.064	0.096
36	0.002		0.002		0.051	
37	0.003		0.002		0.061	0.091
38	0.002		0.002		0.048	
39	0.003		0.003		0.058	0.087
40	0.001		0.002		0.046	

Note the higher limits for odd harmonics 21 and above are only allowable under certain conditions, if these higher limits are utilised please state the exemption used as detailed in part 6.2.3.4 of BS EN 61000-3-2 in the box below.

**Power Quality – Harmonics:** These tests should be carried out as specified in BS EN 61000-3-2. The chosen test should be undertaken with a fixed source of energy at two power levels a) between 45 and 55% and b) at 100% of **Registered Capacity**. The test requirements are specified in Annex A1 A.1.3.1 (**Inverter** connected) or Annex A2 A.2.3.1 (Synchronous).

**Micro-generator** tested to BS EN 61000-3-2

Micro-generator rating per phase (rpp)		2.0	kW			
Harmonic	At 45-55% of <b>Registered Capacity</b>		100% of <b>Registered Capacity</b>			
	Measured Value MV in Amps		Measured Value MV in Amps		Limit in BS EN 61000-3-2 in Amps	Higher limit for odd harmonics 21 and above
2	0.019		0.022		1.080	
3	0.069		0.063		2.300	
4	0.006		0.005		0.430	
5	0.026		0.039		1.140	
6	0.009		0.008		0.300	
7	0.052		0.061		0.770	
8	0.006		0.005		0.230	
9	0.080		0.096		0.400	
10	0.008		0.007		0.184	
11	0.066		0.093		0.330	
12	0.009		0.004		0.153	
13	0.047		0.079		0.210	
14	0.006		0.006		0.131	
15	0.031		0.066		0.150	
16	0.005		0.006		0.115	
17	0.021		0.053		0.132	
18	0.005		0.006		0.102	
19	0.015		0.038		0.118	

20	0.011		0.007		0.092	
21	0.011		0.029		0.107	0.160
22	0.010		0.010		0.084	
23	0.010		0.022		0.098	0.147
24	0.007		0.007		0.077	
25	0.007		0.016		0.090	0.135
26	0.006		0.009		0.071	
27	0.006		0.009		0.083	0.124
28	0.003		0.007		0.066	
29	0.006		0.011		0.078	0.117
30	0.004		0.006		0.061	
31	0.005		0.010		0.073	0.109
32	0.004		0.005		0.058	
33	0.006		0.011		0.068	0.102
34	0.003		0.006		0.054	
35	0.006		0.014		0.064	0.096
36	0.003		0.006		0.051	
37	0.005		0.016		0.061	0.091
38	0.003		0.009		0.048	
39	0.006		0.019		0.058	0.087
40	0.003		0.008		0.046	

Note the higher limits for odd harmonics 21 and above are only allowable under certain conditions, if these higher limits are utilised please state the exemption used as detailed in part 6.2.3.4 of BS EN 61000-3-2 in the box below.

<b>Power Quality – Voltage fluctuations and Flicker:</b> These tests should be undertaken in accordance with EREC G98 Annex A1 A.1.3.3 (Inverter connected) or Annex A2 A.2.3.3 (Synchronous).								
	Starting			Stopping			Running	
	d max	d c	d(t)	d max	d c	d(t)	P <sub>st</sub>	P <sub>lt</sub> 2 hours
Measured Values at test impedance	0.48%	0.43%	0%	0.36%	0.28%	0%	0.08	0.08
Normalised to standard impedance	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Normalised to required maximum impedance	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Limits set under BS EN 61000-3-11	4%	3.3%	3.3%	4%	3.3%	3.3%	1.0	0.65
Test Impedance	R		Ω	X			Ω	
Standard Impedance	R	0.24 * 0.4 ^	Ω	X		0.15 * 0.25 ^	Ω	
Maximum Impedance	R		Ω	X			Ω	
<p>Applies to three phase and split single phase <b>Micro-generators</b>.</p> <p>^ Applies to single phase <b>Micro-generators</b> and <b>Micro-generators</b> using two phases on a three phase system.</p> <p>For voltage change and flicker measurements the following formula is to be used to convert the measured values to the normalised values where the power factor of the generation output is 0.98 or above.</p> <p>Normalised value = Measured value*reference source resistance/measured source resistance at test point.</p> <p>Single phase units reference source resistance is 0.4 Ω</p> <p>Two phase units in a three phase system reference source resistance is 0.4 Ω.</p> <p>Two phase units in a split phase system reference source resistance is 0.24 Ω.</p> <p>Three phase units reference source resistance is 0.24 Ω.</p> <p>Where the power factor of the output is under 0.98 then the X to R ratio of the test impedance should be close to that of the Standard Impedance.</p> <p>The stopping test should be a trip from full load operation.</p> <p>The duration of these tests need to conform to the particular requirements set out in the testing notes for</p>								



the technology under test. Dates and location of the test need to be noted below.				
Test start date	2016-04-12	Test end date	2016-04-12	
Test location	Building 4, No. 518, Xinzhuan Road, Caohejing Songjiang High-Tech Park, Shanghai, P.R. China (201612)			
<b>Power quality – DC injection:</b> This test should be carried out in accordance with EN 50438 Annex D.3.10				
0.7K				
Test power level	20%	50%	75%	100%
Recorded value in Amps	0.0090	0.0050	0.0014	0.0051
Limit	20mA	20mA	20mA	20mA
<b>Power quality – DC injection:</b> This test should be carried out in accordance with EN 50438 Annex D.3.10				
2.0K				
Test power level	20%	50%	75%	100%
Recorded value in Amps	0.0116	0.0093	0.0001	0.0034
as % of rated AC current	0.133%	0.107%	0.001%	0.039%
Limit	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%
<b>Power Quality – Power factor:</b> This test shall be carried out in accordance with EN 50538 Annex D.3.4.1 but with nominal voltage -6% and +10%. Voltage to be maintained within $\pm 1.5\%$ of the stated level during the test.				
0.7K				
	216.2 V	230 V	253 V	
20% of Registered Capacity	0.993	0.996	0.994	
50% of Registered Capacity	0.998	0.999	0.999	
75% of Registered Capacity	0.999	0.999	0.999	
100% of Registered Capacity	0.999	0.999	0.999	
Limit	>0.95	>0.95	>0.95	
<b>Power Quality – Power factor:</b> This test shall be carried out in accordance with EN 50538 Annex D.3.4.1 but with nominal voltage -6% and +10%. Voltage to be maintained within $\pm 1.5\%$ of the stated level during the test.				
2.0K				

	216.2 V	230 V	253 V
20% of <b>Registered Capacity</b>	0.992	0.996	0.994
50% of <b>Registered Capacity</b>	0.998	0.999	0.998
75% of <b>Registered Capacity</b>	0.999	0.999	0.999
100% of <b>Registered Capacity</b>	0.999	0.999	0.999
Limit	>0.95	>0.95	>0.95

**Protection – Frequency tests:** These tests should be carried out in accordance with EN 50438 Annex D.2.4 and the notes in EREC G98 Annex A1 A.1.2.3 (**Inverter** connected) or Annex A2 A.2.2.3 (Synchronous)

Function	Setting		Trip test		“No trip tests”	
	Frequency	Time delay	Frequency	Time delay	Frequency /time	Confirm no trip
U/F stage 1	47.5 Hz	20 s	47.5	20.12s	47.7 Hz 25 s	no trip
U/F stage 2	47 Hz	0.5 s	46.99	0.550s	47.2 Hz 19.98 s	no trip
					46.8 Hz 0.48 s	no trip
O/F stage 1	52 Hz	0.5 s	52.01	0.502s	51.8 Hz 89.98 s	no trip
					52.2 Hz 0.48 s	no trip

Note. For frequency trip tests the frequency required to trip is the setting  $\pm 0.1$  Hz. In order to measure the time delay a larger deviation than the minimum required to operate the projection can be used. The “No trip tests” need to be carried out at the setting  $\pm 0.2$  Hz and for the relevant times as shown in the table above to ensure that the protection will not trip in error.

**Protection – Voltage tests:** These tests should be carried out in accordance with EN 50438 Annex D.2.3 and the notes in EREC G98 Annex A1 A.1.2.2 (**Inverter** connected) or Annex A2 A.2.2.2 (Synchronous)

Function	Setting		Trip test		“No trip tests”	
	Voltage	Time delay	Voltage	Time delay	Voltage /time	Confirm no trip
U/V	184 V	2.5 s	183.6V	2.52s	188 V 3.50 s	no trip
					180 V 2.48 s	no trip
O/V stage 1	262.2 V	1.0 s	263	1.02s	258.2 V 2.0 s	no trip

O/V stage 2	273.7 V	0.5 s	274.2	0.512s	269.7 V 0.98 s	no trip
					277.7 V 0.48 s	no trip
Note for Voltage tests the Voltage required to trip is the setting $\pm 3.45$ V. The time delay can be measured at a larger deviation than the minimum required to operate the protection. The No trip tests need to be carried out at the setting $\pm 4$ V and for the relevant times as shown in the table above to ensure that the protection will not trip in error.						
<b>Protection – Loss of Mains test:</b> For PV Inverters shall be tested in accordance with BS EN 62116. Other Inverters should be tested in accordance with EN 50438 Annex D.2.5 at 10%, 55% and 100% of rated power.						
For <b>Inverters</b> tested to BS EN 62116 the following sub set of tests should be recorded in the following table.						
Test Power and imbalance	33% -5% Q Test 22	66% -5% Q Test 12	100% -5% P Test 5	33% +5% Q Test 31	66% +5% Q Test 21	100% +5% P Test 10
Trip time. Limit is 0.5 s	0.136s	0.142s	0.146s	0.148s	0.218s	0.276s
<b>Protection – Frequency change, Vector Shift Stability test:</b> This test should be carried out in accordance with EREC G98 Annex A1 A.1.2.6 ( <b>Inverter</b> connected) or Annex A2 A.2.2.6 (Synchronous).						
	Start Frequency		Change		Confirm no trip	
Positive Vector Shift	49.0 Hz		+50 degrees		no trip	
Negative Vector Shift	50.0 Hz		- 50 degrees		no trip	
<b>Protection – Frequency change, RoCoF Stability test:</b> The requirement is specified in section 11.3, test procedure in Annex A.1.2.6 ( <b>Inverter</b> connected) or Annex A2 A.2.2.6 (Synchronous).						
Ramp range	Test frequency ramp:		Test Duration		Confirm no trip	
49.0 Hz to 51.0 Hz	+0.95 Hzs <sup>-1</sup>		2.1 s		no trip	
51.0 Hz to 49.0 Hz	-0.95 Hzs <sup>-1</sup>		2.1 s		no trip	
<b>Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode – Over frequency test:</b> This test should be carried out in accordance with EN 50438 Annex D.3.3 Power response to over- frequency. The test should be carried out using the specific threshold frequency of 50.4 Hz and <b>Droop</b> of 10%.						
Test sequence at <b>Registered Capacity</b> >80%	Measured <b>Active Power</b> Output	Frequency	Primary Power Source		<b>Active Power Gradient</b>	
Step a) 50.00 Hz $\pm 0.01$ Hz	1995	50.00			-	
Step b) 50.45 Hz $\pm 0.05$ Hz	1996	50.45			-	
Step c) 50.70 Hz $\pm 0.10$ Hz	1878	50.70			-	

Step d) 51.15 Hz $\pm$ 0.05 Hz	1699	51.15		-
Step e) 50.70 Hz $\pm$ 0.10 Hz	1877	50.70		-
Step f) 50.45 Hz $\pm$ 0.05 Hz	1983	50.45		-
Step g) 50.00 Hz $\pm$ 0.01 Hz	1985	50.00		
Test sequence at <b>Registered Capacity</b> 40% - 60%	<b>Measured Active Power Output</b>	Frequency	Primary Power Source	<b>Active Power Gradient</b>
Step a) 50.00 Hz $\pm$ 0.01 Hz	1001	50.00		-
Step b) 50.45 Hz $\pm$ 0.05 Hz	1001	50.45		-
Step c) 50.70 Hz $\pm$ 0.10 Hz	949	50.70		-
Step d) 51.15 Hz $\pm$ 0.05 Hz	857	51.15		-
Step e) 50.70 Hz $\pm$ 0.10 Hz	948	50.70		-
Step f) 50.45 Hz $\pm$ 0.05 Hz	999	50.45		-
Step g) 50.00 Hz $\pm$ 0.01 Hz	1000	50.00		
Steps as defined in EN 50438				
<b>Power output with falling frequency test:</b> This test should be carried out in accordance with EN 50438 Annex D.3.2 active power feed-in at under-frequency.				
Test sequence	Measured <b>Active Power Output</b>	Frequency	Primary power source	
Test a) 50 Hz $\pm$ 0.01 Hz	1998	50.00		
Test b) Point between 49.5 Hz and 49.6 Hz	1998	49.55		
Test c) Point between 47.5 Hz and 47.6 Hz	1993	47.55		
NOTE: The operating point in Test (b) and (c) shall be maintained for at least 5 minutes				
<b>Re-connection timer.</b>				
Test should prove that the reconnection sequence starts after a minimum delay of 20 s for restoration of voltage and frequency to within the stage 1 settings of Table 2.				
Time delay setting	Measured delay	Checks on no reconnection when voltage or frequency is brought to just outside stage 1 limits of table 2.		
30s	47.6s	At 266.2 V	At 196.1 V	At 47.4 Hz At 52.1 Hz

Confirmation that the <b>Micro-generator</b> does not re-connect.	No-reconnection	No-reconnection	No-reconnection	No-reconnection	
<b>Fault level contribution:</b> These tests shall be carried out in accordance with EREC G98 Annex A1 A.1.3.5 ( <b>Inverter</b> connected) and Annex A2 A.2.3.4 (Synchronous).					
For machines with electro-magnetic output			For <b>Inverter</b> output		
Parameter	Symbol	Value	Time after fault	Volts	Amps
Peak Short Circuit current	$i_p$	NA	20ms	159 V	3.02 A
Initial Value of aperiodic current	$A$	NA	100ms	NA	NA
Initial symmetrical short-circuit current*	$I_k$	NA	250ms	NA	NA
Decaying (aperiodic) component of short circuit current*	$i_{DC}$	NA	500ms	NA	NA
Reactance/Resistance Ratio of source*	$X/R$	NA	Time to trip	8.7ms	In seconds
For rotating machines and linear piston machines the test should produce a 0 s – 2 s plot of the short circuit current as seen at the <b>Micro-generator</b> terminals.					
* Values for these parameters should be provided where the short circuit duration is sufficiently long to enable interpolation of the plot					
<b>Logic Interface.</b>					Yes
<b>Self-Monitoring solid state switching:</b> No specified test requirements. Refer to EREC G98 Annex A1 A.1.3.6 ( <b>Inverter</b> connected).					NA
It has been verified that in the event of the solid state switching device failing to disconnect the <b>Micro-generator</b> , the voltage on the output side of the switching device is reduced to a value below 50 V within 0.5 s.					
Additional comments					